Lie Groups and Representation Theory Seminar at the University of Tokyo

リー群論・表現論セミナー

DATE Nov 27 (Wed), 2024, 13:30–14:30

PLACE Room 122

SPEAKER Hidenori Fujiwara (藤原英徳) (OCAMI/Kindai University)

- TITLE Inductions and restrictions of unitary representations for exponential solvable Lie groups
- Let $G = \exp \mathfrak{g}$ be a connected and simply connected real nilpotent Lie group with Abstract Lie algebra $\mathfrak{g}, H = \exp \mathfrak{h}$ an analytic subgroup of G with Lie algebra \mathfrak{h}, χ a unitary character of H and $\tau = \operatorname{ind}_{H}^{G} \chi$ the monomial representation of G induced from χ . Let $D_{\tau}(G/H)$ be the algebra of the G-invariant differential operators on the line bundle over G/H associated to the data (H,χ) . We denote by C_{τ} the center of $D_{\tau}(G/H)$. We know that χ is written as χ_f , where $\chi_f(\exp X) = e^{if(X)}$ $(X \in \mathfrak{h})$ with a certain $f \in \mathfrak{g}^*$ verifying $f([\mathfrak{h}, \mathfrak{h}]) = \{0\}$. Let $S(\mathfrak{g})$ be the symmetric algebra of \mathfrak{g} and $\mathfrak{a}_{\tau} = \{X + \sqrt{-1}f(X); X \in \mathfrak{h}\}$. We regard $S(\mathfrak{g})$ as the algebra of polynomial functions on \mathfrak{g}^* by $X(\ell) = \sqrt{-1}\ell(X)$ for $X \in \mathfrak{g}, \ell \in \mathfrak{g}^*$. Now, $S(\mathfrak{g})$ possesses the Poisson structure $\{,\}$ well determined by the equality $\{X,Y\} = [X,Y]$ if X,Y are in g. Let us consider the algebra $(S(\mathfrak{g})/S(\mathfrak{g})\overline{\mathfrak{a}_{\tau}})^H$ of the *H*-invariant polynomial functions on the affine subspace $\Gamma_{\tau} = \{\ell \in \mathfrak{g}^* : \ell(X) = f(X), X \in \mathfrak{h}\}$ of \mathfrak{g}^* . This inherits the Poisson structure from $S(\mathfrak{g})$. We denote by Z_{τ} its Poisson center. Michel Duffo asked: the two algebras C_{τ} and Z_{τ} , are they isomorphic? Here we provide a positive answer to this question.