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例: 単位球の体積

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \int_{x^2+y^2 \leq 1} \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2} dx dy = \int_{-1}^1 dx \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} 2\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2} dy \\ &= \int_{-1}^1 \pi(1-x^2) dx = \pi[x - \frac{x^3}{3}]_{-1}^1 = \frac{4\pi}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{0 \leq y \leq x \leq \pi} y \cos(x-y) dx dy = \int_0^\pi dy \int_y^\pi y \cos(x-y) dx = \int_0^\pi y [\sin(x-y)]_y^\pi dy \\ &= \int_0^\pi y \sin y dy = [-y \cos y]_0^\pi - \int_0^\pi -\cos y dy = \pi. \\ &= \int_0^\pi dx \int_0^x y \cos(y-x) dy = \int_0^\pi ([y \sin(y-x)]_0^x - \int_0^x \sin(y-x) dy) dx \\ &= \int_0^\pi (\int_0^x \sin y dy) dx = \int_0^\pi [-\cos y]_0^x dx = \int_0^\pi 1 - \cos x dx = \pi. \end{aligned}$$

計算法 II . 変数変換 .

1 变数の場合。

平面の座標変換。極座標。

$$\int_D f(x, y) dx dy = \int_E f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) r dr d\theta.$$

単位球の体積

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \int_{x^2+y^2 \leq 1} \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2} dx dy = 2 \int_{0 \leq r \leq 1, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi} \sqrt{1-r^2} r dr d\theta \\ &= 2 \int_0^1 dr \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{1-r^2} r d\theta = 4\pi \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-r^2} r dr = 4\pi \left[-\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-r^2}^3\right]_0^1 = \frac{4\pi}{3}. \end{aligned}$$