

Step 7 の角従

Step 7 は ε に関する 2 段階の「弱い」証明である。

D Thm $LBD - \alpha_d + \dots + ThmBDvald + ThmEFBD + ThmFBBD$

$\Rightarrow ThmAdd \in \mathbb{N}, \varepsilon > 0, \exists \alpha = d(d, \varepsilon) > 0$

(X, D) : d -dim, ε -lc Fano pair

$$ht(|1 - (k_x + b)|_R, X, B) \geq \alpha$$

$\vdash \neg \exists \beta \in ThmLBD - \alpha_d \geq \varepsilon k_x$ すなはち X が k_x 以下の B で LC であることを示す。

③ $ThmAd \Rightarrow ThmBABd$.

+ ThmDAB + ThmBDComp + ThmEFBD + ThmBDvald
for special case.

④ $\neg \exists \beta \in ThmLBD - \alpha_d \geq \varepsilon k_x$

$\neg \exists \beta \in ThmLBD - \alpha_d \geq \varepsilon k_x$ すなはち X が k_x 以下の B で LC であることを示す。

Assume ThmBDComp holds $n > 0$

Proposition: $\exists d, m, n \in \mathbb{N} \forall \{f_e\}$: 正値 $\beta \in \mathbb{R}$

$\Rightarrow P = \{X \mid$

- X : Rlt weak Fano of dim d
- K_X は m -complement
- $| - mK_X |$ が mos. birat. map
- $n(-K_X) < \beta$

且つ bounded.

若し Fano 型は Fano の場合(2)帰属する。 つまり Q-factoty, つまり assume X は

(X, \mathcal{O}) : ε -flat Fano pair

$(\varepsilon = -\varepsilon^* \text{ Thm BAB for special case.})$

$(-K_X)$ -IAMP: $X \dashrightarrow X'$ s.t.

$-K_{X'}$ は nef by
 $\& \varepsilon$ -lc.

$\exists H \sim (-K_{X'} + \Delta)$

s.t. $(X, \mathcal{O} + H)$

$\in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}^{n+1} - \varepsilon$ -lc.

IAMP

if Gorenstein

ICF が generic.

$\{X'\}$ が "Bdd" と仮定する

このとき $-K_X$ の Camne index は -1 または 0 である。

もしくは Effective Base free Thm

$\exists m = m \sim (d, \varepsilon)$ s.t. $-mK_X$ は Camne base. part free
 $\xrightarrow{\text{def}}$ $\begin{cases} \text{if } \\ H \text{ は } \\ \text{base. part free} \end{cases}$ $\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{rem. v.g.} \\ \text{は } \\ \text{base. part free} \\ \text{である} \end{array} \right)$

$\rightarrow (X', \frac{1}{m}H)$: plt by Cr.

$\rightarrow \exists H \sim mK_X$
 By the negation s.t. $(X, \frac{1}{m}H)$: plt.

$\rightarrow \{X\}$ Ddd

Thm DAD for special

より $\{X'\}$ の有界性を示すのが、これで Prop [1A] が成り立つ。

最後の " $\forall \ell \in \mathbb{N}, \forall L \in [-m k_x], (X', t_\ell L) : \text{bkt}$ " について

この外に $(I, \text{bkt} + \text{smooth})$ が満たさないが、 $t_\ell L$ は I の端点に近づく。

$t_\ell L$ が I の条件を満たす。これが Thm A が成り立つ。

実際 $t_\ell := \frac{\ell}{2\ell}$ とすると $t_\ell L$ が I の条件を満たす。

∴ Proposition 1 の正徴。

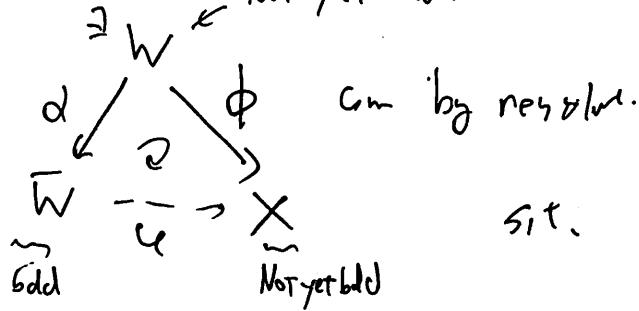
Step 1 $I - m k_x$ が任意の $\text{map } \varphi : \text{val}(-k_x) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{U}$

の条件 (i) の $\exists T$ が $\text{bnd. family } (\bar{w}, \Sigma_{\bar{w}}) \in \mathcal{P}$ かつ $\exists \tilde{w}$ が $\tilde{w} \in I - m k_x$ 一般に $\exists \text{fix } \tilde{w}$ 。

- \exists $\text{bnd. map } \varphi : \bar{w} \rightarrow X$ & $(\bar{w}, \Sigma_{\bar{w}}) : \text{by smooth}$

- $\text{Supp } \Sigma_{\bar{w}} \supseteq \text{Supp } \varphi - \text{excep. div. of } \varphi$ ($\text{Supp } M$)

Not yet bdd.



$$\text{s.t. } \phi^* M = \underbrace{A_w}_{\text{BPF morale part}} + \underbrace{R_w}_{\text{fixed part}}$$

W.M.D

① 実際の構成: $w \in I - m k_x$, $\text{val}(A_w) \subset \mathcal{U}$, $\therefore |A_w| \subset \mathcal{U}$

定理 \exists $\text{bnd. morphism } \text{Smoothness sat. in } I - m k_x$ が $\text{bdd.} \in \mathcal{U}$.

(T_n) が \mathcal{U} の family かつ T_n が bdd. な solution $\exists \mathcal{U}$.

(7-4) 問題は $I_{\bar{w}}$ の構成とその有界性を示す。

$\exists T \in \mathbb{Z}$ 使得し $I_w \cdot A_w^{d-1} < bdd$ $\forall t \geq T$ と $I_w \in \mathcal{X}(t)$

$I_{\bar{w}} := \partial_t I_w$ となる $\forall T$.

$\rightarrow I_w \cdot A_w^{d-1} < bdd$ $\forall t \geq T$ のことは Lemma 5) Val($K_x + \Sigma + 2(2d+1)$)

を上に示すべきである。

Lem X : d-dim normal proj. var.

M : big Cartan s.t. ϕ_M : birational map

$$H := 2(2d+1)M$$

$$D = \sum D_i, \quad P_i: \text{prime divs} \quad \& \quad P_i \neq P_j \quad (i \neq j)$$

$$\Rightarrow D \cdot H^{d-1} \leq 2^d \text{Val}(K_X + D + H)$$

(*) アドバイストの問題 Use MMP & Reid-Fukuda type vanishing
of Riemann-Roch ...

実際 $\Sigma = \text{Exc}(\phi) + \text{Supp } \phi^* M + H$ $\xrightarrow{\text{not } \phi^*(A_w)}$

$\therefore H \geq H \in |6d \cdot A_w^{d-1}| \text{ general } \Sigma$

$\text{Supp } M \geq \text{Supp } \phi^* A_w$

$\text{Val}(K_w + \Sigma) \leq \text{Val}(K_X + \Sigma_X) \leq \text{Val}(K_X + M, 6d)$

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq \text{Val}(K_X + M, 6d) \\ &\stackrel{\text{by def}}{=} (6d+m-1)^d V \\ &\times T_0^2 \end{aligned}$$

$\left(\begin{array}{l} -\text{fix fib.} \\ \text{Val}(D) \leq \text{Val}(\phi^* D) \end{array} \right)$

3d Aw

17-5

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(k_w + \frac{1}{2} I_w \right) b_0 \xleftarrow{\text{one thin } E_1 \text{ (thin's)}}$$

$$vdl(k_w + I_w + 2(2d+1)A_w) \leq vdl(k_w + I_w + 8 \cdot \frac{1}{2} I_w)$$

$$\therefore 8 = \frac{4(2d+1)}{3d}$$

$$\leq vdl(k_w + I_w + 8 \cdot (k_w + \frac{1}{2} I_w))$$

$$k_w + \frac{1}{2} I_w \text{ is } 8\%.$$

$$\leq vdl((1+8)(k_w + I_w)) < \frac{bd}{f_{\text{min}}}$$

\checkmark by (thin's).

Step 2 \Rightarrow $K_X f^* m$ -ample \Leftrightarrow $f^* M$ is semi- \mathbb{Q} -Cartier

$K_X + \frac{1}{m} M$ is lc ($\not\sim t^{\vee \vee}$), $\exists L$ Relt to t Thm BAB for semi

$f^* m$, $f^* n$ & $n^{\vee \vee}$ ($X, \frac{1}{m} M$) is NOT Relt & lc.

$\text{new } (\mathbb{Q}\text{-complt } \Theta \text{ on } X \text{ s.t. } (X, \Theta) : \text{Rlt } \mathcal{E} \subset \text{lc } t$.

M) 実際 $B^+ := \frac{1}{m} M = \frac{1}{m} A + \frac{1}{m} R$ は $K_X m$ -complt.

$\alpha / W \xrightarrow{\phi} \text{a fixed Reg. loc.}$

$$(x) \quad \overbrace{W - \phi^{-1}(X)}^{\text{sub lc. } \not\sim t^{\vee \vee}} \quad K_W + B_W^+ := \alpha \phi^*(K_X + B^+) \supseteq B_W^+ \text{ is lc.}$$

∴ $\text{Supp } B_W^+ \subseteq \text{Supp } I_W \not\sim t^{\vee \vee}$.

$\exists j \in \mathbb{N}_0 \quad G_W \sim l A_W$ s.t. $\text{Supp } G_W \supseteq \text{Supp } I_W \not\sim t^{\vee \vee}$ & G_W

$\not\sim t^{\vee \vee}$ (by $\text{Supp } l \not\sim t^{\vee \vee}$).

$$G := \underbrace{Bd^* G_{\bar{w}}}_{\in A_{\bar{w}}} \rightarrow G \sim lA$$

$$G + \ell R \in [-\ln k_x] \text{ と } \exists.$$

よし、(15) が成り立つ。 $t_m := t \cap (X, t(G + \ell R)) : lA$

$\forall \epsilon \exists \ell' \in l \text{ 使得 } t_m \text{ は uniform } l \subset \ell'.$

今、 $t_m \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ は $t_m \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ で $t \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ かつ $t \in \frac{1}{em} \subset 15\epsilon l \mathbb{Z}^{d+1}$.

$t(G + \ell R) \subseteq t \mathbb{Z}$ で $t(G + \ell R)$ は t の各元が有限集合の範囲に含まれる。

Thm Bdd of comp d n) $\exists \Omega \supseteq t(G + \ell R) \ni n = n(d, \epsilon) \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{s.t. } & n(k_x + \Omega) \geq 0 \\ & \cdot (X, \Omega) = lC. \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \Delta_{\bar{w}} := B_{\bar{w}}^+ + \frac{\ell}{m} A_{\bar{w}} - \frac{\ell}{em} G_{\bar{w}} \geq 0.$$

$$K_{\bar{w}} + \Delta_{\bar{w}} \stackrel{?}{=} 0 \text{ となる } \Leftrightarrow \Delta_{\bar{w}} \sim G_{\bar{w}} \text{ かつ } -k_{\bar{w}} \in B_{\bar{w}}^+ \mathbb{Z}^n,$$

Claim $(\bar{w}, \Delta_{\bar{w}})$ は C -sublc for some $C = C(t, \epsilon, m)$

① $B_{\bar{w}}^+$ は m -complement で $t - \frac{\ell}{m} - \frac{1}{m}$ 以外は $\frac{m-1}{m} \mathbb{Z}^n$

すなはち $A_{\bar{w}} \not\subseteq B_{\bar{w}}^+$ で $m \geq 2 \Rightarrow B_{\bar{w}}^+ + \frac{\ell}{m} A_{\bar{w}}$
 $B_{\bar{w}}^+ \cap A_{\bar{w}} = \frac{1}{m}$ かつ $A_{\bar{w}} \cap (t - \frac{\ell}{m}) = \frac{t+1}{m} \mathbb{Z}^n$

$$\therefore B_{\bar{w}}^+ \cap (t - \frac{\ell}{m}) \cap \text{PfD}(l) = B_{\bar{w}}^+ - \frac{\ell}{em} G_{\bar{w}}$$

$$t - \frac{\ell}{m} - \frac{1}{m} \leq 1 - \frac{\ell}{em} \cdot \mu_p G_{\bar{w}} \leq 1 - \frac{\ell}{em}$$

$\therefore (\bar{w}, \Delta_{\bar{w}})$ は C -sublc

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$$\phi_x \alpha^*(k_w + \sigma_w) = k_x + \sigma$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \sigma &= B^+ + \frac{\epsilon}{m} A - \frac{\epsilon}{\ell m} G \\ &\quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{by the negating} \\ \phi_x \alpha^*(k_w + B^+) \sim k_x + B^+ (\stackrel{\epsilon}{\approx} 0) \\ \boxed{\text{by the negating}} \end{array} \right) \\ A &= \underbrace{\phi_x \alpha^* A_w}_{\|} \quad G = \phi_x \alpha^* G_w \text{ is by def} \end{aligned}$$

$$(H) := \frac{1}{2} \sigma + \frac{1}{2} \Omega \text{ exists},$$

$$(H) = \frac{1}{2} B^+ + \frac{\epsilon}{2m} A - \frac{\epsilon}{2\ell m} G + \frac{1}{2} \Omega$$

$$\geq \frac{1}{2} B^+ + \frac{\epsilon}{2m} A - \frac{1}{2\ell m} G + \frac{\epsilon}{2} (G + \ell k) \geq \left(-\frac{1}{2\ell m} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} \right) G +$$

τ_1) (H) is eff & hml, piecewise linear, of lc τ_1

$$(X, H) \text{ is } \frac{1}{2}\epsilon - \text{lc} \neq \pi \quad \begin{matrix} \sigma \sim -kx \\ \Omega \sim -kx \end{matrix} \sim \begin{matrix} \text{lc} + \frac{1}{2}\epsilon \\ \text{lc} \end{matrix}$$

Θ is t, ℓ, m, n - free in \mathbb{A}^1 集合 \mathcal{C} 之 \mathbb{A}^1 之 \mathbb{A}^1 之 \mathbb{A}^1 ,

Theorem PAB for Span τ_1 X is bdd.

Lem (LCn presense linearly)

$(X, B) \vdash_{\text{SNC}} \varepsilon\text{-lc}$ $(X, B') \vdash_{\text{SNC}} \varepsilon'\text{-lc}$

$0 \leq \delta \leq 1$ は仮定

$(X, (1-\delta)B + \delta B') \vdash_{\text{SNC}} (1-\delta)\varepsilon + \delta\varepsilon' \text{-lc}.$

④ Lボート ④

証明の仕方, すなはち Lemma の証明を書いたが、

Lem (HMX の birational Auto と論議)
 X : normal prj. var. of dim d
 M : base point free Cartier S.t. ϕ_M : birational map.

$$H := 2(2d+1)M$$

$D = \sum D_i$ prime decompositon

$$\Rightarrow D \cdot H^{d-1} \leq \text{vol}(K_X + D + H) \cdot 2^d.$$

④ Except of ϕ_M , $H^{d-1} = 0$

a) D は ϕ_M の例外

$f: T \rightarrow X$: log resolution of (X, D) を持つ

$$D \cdot H^{d-1} = \underbrace{\phi_M^* D \cdot (\phi_M^* H)^{d-1}}_G$$

$$\forall f, l(T, K_T + G + f^* H) \leq \text{vol}(X, K_X + D + H)$$

$f^*(T, G)$ を示せ $T + f^* H$ は

X : sm, D : SNC と仮定 はい

The first step is to show that (X, D) is plt or klt, i.e. D is simple or \mathbb{Q} -Cartier.

Reid-Fujita's theorem (若林-藤田定理) $H^i(Y, K_Y + D + mH) = 0 \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N}, i > 0$

$H^i(D, K_X + D + mH) = 0 \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N}, i > 0$

From $P(m) = \dim H^0(D, K_X + D + mH)$ is $\geq \alpha - 1$ if $m \gg 0$.

From this, $K_X + D + H$ is big.

Since $(X, D + H)$ is log canonical model of (X, D) (BCHM).

By [12]

5.2. Vanishing Thm (Ambrus-Fujita's theorem) $\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{= 1997-1998 Ambrus-Fujita's theorem} \\ \text{1998-1999 Fujita-Viehweg's proof} \end{array} \right)$ $D + H \text{ is effective and } \dim H^0(X, D + H) \leq \dim H^0(X, K_X + D + H)$

$Q(m) := h^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(2m(K_X + D + H)))$ is polynomial of degree d .

5.2.2

$P(m)$ is leading term of $IT - \frac{1}{d+1} - 1$ $\frac{D \cdot H^{d-1}}{(n-1)!}$

$Q(m)$ is

$$\frac{2^d \cdot \nu_d(X, K_X + H) + H^d}{d!} \quad \text{by [2]}$$

$\hookrightarrow A_m := K_X + D + mH$ is klt.

Claim $Q(m) - Q(m-1) \geq P(m) \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \rightsquigarrow$ Lemma 1, Theorem 5.1.1.

② 実際は $Q(m-1) = h^0(X, 2(m-1)A_1) \leq h^0(X, 2mA_1 - D)$

$$|K_X + H| \neq \emptyset$$

Vanishing Thm 5.1.1.1.

Easy Fujita's thm.

E1)

$P(m) \leq h^0(X, 2mA_1) - h^0(X, 2mA_1 - D) \in \mathbb{R}$ (由 5.1.1).

今、次の四式を着目

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(A_m - D) \xrightarrow{f_1} \mathcal{O}_X(A_m) \xrightarrow{g_1} \mathcal{O}_D(A_m) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow "$$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X(2mA_1 - D) \xrightarrow{f_2} \mathcal{O}_X(2mA_1) \xrightarrow{g_2} \mathcal{O}_D(2mA_1) \rightarrow 0$$

\oplus 2n↓ は元の式に \cong する

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S \in H^0(X, f_X^* + D + (2n+1)M), \quad \ell \in H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X((2n+1)M)) \\ \text{且し } S_{10} \neq 0, \quad \ell_{10} \neq 0 \quad \text{と } T_3 \geq \pi. \end{array} \right.$$

(D が $1/2$ の global section
a \oplus が $2n+1/2$ である)
且し ℓ .

$$\tau = S^{\otimes 2n+1} \ell \in L \otimes \mathbb{C} \cong \mathbb{C}, \quad \text{i.e. } u = \otimes \tau.$$

$T_3 \in \downarrow_{L \otimes \mathbb{C}}$ (injektiv. g_1, g_2 : H^0 の射影) は T_3 が u を射影する

$$T_3 \in \downarrow_{L \otimes \mathbb{C}} \in \text{Im}(g_1) \exists w \in H^0(2mA_1) \text{ s.t. } g_2(w) = u.$$

$$\sim P(n) \leq h^0(X, 2mA_1) - h^0(2mA_1 - D) \quad \square$$

Thm Ad \exists T . ~~not~~ \exists .

Thm $LBD_d - d_d + Thm BAB_{d-1} \cdot Thm BD_{rel,d} + Thm EFD_{ind} + Thm DGS_{up}$

\Rightarrow Thm Ad $d \in \mathbb{N}, \varepsilon > 0, \exists \alpha = \alpha(d, \varepsilon) > 0$ s.t.

(X, B) : d -dim ε -lc weak Fano pair.

$$h_f(|-(K_X+B)|_R, X, B) \geq \alpha.$$

~~找~~ \exists α Proposition \exists T .

Prop 2. $d \in \mathbb{N}, \varepsilon > 0$, Assume

$Thm BD_{\text{Gomp}}$ hold.
 $Thm LBD_d - d_d$
 $Thm EFD_{ind}$

$\Rightarrow \exists n > 0$ s.t. X : \mathbb{Q} -Fano ε -lc Fano of dim d .

$$\frac{n}{n(d, \varepsilon)} \rho(X) = 1$$

$$0 \leq L \sim_R -K_X$$

\Rightarrow #coeff of $L < n$.

① Step 1 $Supp L = T$: prime $l = \frac{1}{n} \frac{1}{d}$.

② 定理 $T \subseteq Supp L$ 是唯一的.

$$\exists \rho = 1$$

$$L \equiv uT \text{ s.t. } u \geq \mu_T L \text{ 且.}$$

$$X: \mathbb{Q} - \text{Fano} \Leftrightarrow L \sim_R uT \text{ 且 } L = uT \cap \mathbb{Z}[L] + \mathbb{Z}P_R$$

Step 2 今 Thm Bd Compd + Thm Eff Bind で

$\exists n = n(d, \varepsilon) \in \mathbb{N}$ s.t. $| -nK_X |$ gives a birational map
 $\exists m = m(d, \varepsilon) > 0$ s.t. $\Omega \in | -K_X | \otimes$ s.t. (X, Ω) c.l.
 $n(K_X + \Omega) \geq 0$

$$\text{mult}(-K_X) < n.$$

$$\therefore \Omega \subset K_X + \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \text{ と } \Omega \in | -K_X |$$

$\exists \phi: W \rightarrow X$: log res of (X, Ω)

$$\phi^*(-nK_X) \geq A_W + R_W$$

b.p.f. fixed div.

$\rightarrow (W, A_W + R_W + \text{excep of } \phi)$ is log birent. bdd.
 & $\exists \Omega \subset K_X + \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$

bdd g. Ω_W (W, $A_W + R_W + \text{excep of } \phi$) $\xrightarrow{\psi}$ (V, $A_V + R_V + E_V$) log bdd.
 f.g. Ω_W (X, $\Omega = A + R$) $\xrightarrow{\psi}$ (W, $A_W + R_W + E_W$) log bdd.

\therefore 20 Step 0 で Prop 1 が Step 1 とまちがひ。

Step 3 $\text{Geff of } \psi_* \phi^* \Omega < \exists m' = m'(d, \varepsilon, n) \leftarrow H: V.a. H^d \subset V^{cd},$
 $H, \psi_* \phi^* \Omega \leq m'$

② これ 実際 疎解の $\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{m}$ が m' である

$H \in V$ a bdd family: $\exists \Omega \in V$ V.G. div. & res.

$\exists \alpha \in \text{Mol}(PA_V - H) > 0$ で $\alpha = \alpha(d, \varepsilon, n) > 0$

$\therefore \forall \Omega \subset (A_V + \text{bdd div})$

$V(d, \varepsilon, n)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{in Hückel} \quad \text{Proj.-formula} \quad \psi^* H (\text{not } \phi^* \Omega) \geq 0 \\
 & H^{d-1} (\psi^* \phi^* \Omega) = (\psi^* H)^{d-1} \phi^* \Omega \leq (\psi^* H + \phi^* \Omega)^d \\
 & = \text{val} (\psi^* H + \phi^* \Omega) \\
 & \phi^* \Omega \leftarrow \text{val} = 1 \text{ if } d \text{ is odd} \\
 & \leq \text{val} (PA_w + \phi^* \Omega) \\
 & PA_w \leq \text{val} (PA + \Omega) \\
 & \phi^* \leq \text{val} (- (p_{n+1}) / \zeta_x) : b \text{ odd} \\
 & \left(\begin{array}{c} PA + PR \\ -p_{n+1} / \zeta_x \end{array} \right) \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 3: $\psi \in T_{1m} \psi$ -exceptional $\zeta \in T_{1m}$ in $T - \zeta - 1$ bond ζ
 until $\zeta \in T_{12} \psi$ -exceptional $\zeta \in T_{11}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta \in & B \geq 0 \underset{\oplus}{\sim} -k_x \text{ and member of } \Sigma_2 \\
 (X, D) : & \zeta - k_x \approx \zeta \cdot \beta \neq \zeta \cdot \zeta_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$B_v \zeta$

$$\psi^* \phi^* (k_x + \beta) = k_v + B_v \quad (B_v \text{ is effective if } \zeta \in \Sigma_2)$$

$\zeta \in \Sigma_2$

No. 2-④

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Step 4 $B_V \otimes I - \delta - \frac{1}{\lambda} bdd \geq P_{(d, \delta, n)} \text{ である。}$

⑤ $D \in B_V \otimes I - \delta - \frac{1}{\lambda} bdd$ の Comp とする。

$$\text{3. } K_V + P_V = \psi_* \phi^* K_X \sim P_V + \frac{\psi_* \phi^* B}{\sqrt{O}} = B_V \text{ by def.}$$

$$\sim \mu_D P_V \leq \mu_D B_V$$

∴ $\mu_D P_V \leq \mu_D B_V$ が成り立つ。

$$4. K_V + P_V = -\psi_* \phi^* \Omega(\pi)$$

$$\text{By Step 3, } H \cdot P_V > bdd \leftarrow \begin{cases} K_V \cdot H^{d-1} \text{ は有理数} \\ \text{が} \\ \text{supp } \psi_* \phi^* \Omega(\pi) \subset I - \delta - \frac{1}{\lambda} bdd \\ \text{が} \rightarrow \text{有理数の Comp} \\ \text{が} \rightarrow \text{有理数の Comp} \\ \text{が} \rightarrow \text{有理数の Comp} \end{cases}$$

$$P_V = P_V^+ - P_V^- \text{ と分解する。}$$

$$P_V^+ \leq \Lambda_V \quad \text{&} \quad P_V^+ \cdot H^{d-1} \leq bdd.$$

P_V^+ は例外的

$$\sim H^{d-1} \cdot P_V^- < bdd. \quad \square$$

Step 5 Prop 2 の証明を終わる所。
(Thm LBd-data 2's)

$$M := \psi^* u T$$

Step 4A B_V の上-5-が下からおこる所 $\alpha > 0$

$$\exists \alpha = \alpha(d, \epsilon, n) > 0 \text{ s.t. } \Delta := \alpha B_V + (1-\alpha) A \geq 0 \text{ とす。}$$

→ $(V, \Delta) : \mathcal{E}'\text{-lc.}$

$\epsilon' = d\epsilon$
discrepancy
in procedure
liteness

$(V, B_V) : \mathcal{E}\text{-sublc.}$

この Δ は $(c, H \in d, \epsilon, n)$ で α が存在するから、

$H - \Delta$: ample かつ \mathbb{R} -IS となることを示す。

$$\text{定理. } H - \Delta := \alpha(H - B_V) + (1-\alpha)(H - A_V)$$

$H - B_V$
 \uparrow V が bdd となる
 $\alpha \leq 1$ とする。

$$\text{つまり, } H - \underbrace{\psi^* u T}_{M} := \text{ample 且つ } \mathbb{R},$$

つまり $\text{Supp } M$ が exceptional (strict transform または $\psi^* \mathbb{R}$ が \mathbb{R} である) なら M が bdd となる。

$$\text{つまり } \Omega \equiv u T \text{ 且つ } M \equiv \psi^* \Omega \text{ となる。}$$

Step 5B H が \mathbb{R} -IS で $\psi^* \Omega$ が \mathbb{R} -bdd なら M が \mathbb{R} -bdd となる。

$$-\frac{1}{3}$$

-7-
Type "T" $\psi^*M - \phi^*U$ is anti- ψ -nef $\Rightarrow \psi_*(\psi^*M - \phi^*U) \geq 0$

Fig. the negative 31

$$\frac{\phi_{uT}^* \leq \psi^* M}{\rightarrow \text{半} \psi^* M \text{ の } T \text{ は } f - 1 \text{ は } u \text{ と } x}$$

$\rightsquigarrow (V, \Delta + \frac{1}{n} M)$: NOT flat

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \quad a(T, v, \Delta + \frac{1}{n}m) \leq a(T, v, \Delta) - 1 \\ \textcircled{2} \quad a(T, v, \Delta) = \alpha \underbrace{a(T, v, B_v)}_{a(T, x, B)} + (1-\alpha) \underbrace{a(T, v, \Delta v)}_{a(T, v, -\Delta v)} \\ \quad \quad \quad \Delta v \leq \Delta v \\ \textcircled{3} \quad \underbrace{a(T, x, -\Delta v)}_{a(T, x-1, B)} \leq 1 \end{array} \right.$$

五

$\text{Thm LBdd-d} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} H - A \text{ bounded} \\ (V; \Delta), \varepsilon' \text{-locally compact} \\ (V; H) \text{ bdd} \end{cases}$

$$\text{lct}(|H|, X, \Delta) \geq d = d(d, \varepsilon, \frac{r}{n})$$

$\wedge \in H - M: \text{are } \mathbb{Q}$

$\text{Lct}(\mathcal{M}, X, \Delta)$

$$\rightarrow \alpha < \frac{1}{g} (\Leftrightarrow u < \frac{1}{g}) \quad \square$$

Thm Ad ε 存在.

$d \in \mathbb{N}, \varepsilon > 0 \exists \alpha = \alpha(d, \varepsilon) > 0$

s.t. (X, Δ) : ε -lc weak Fano

$$\text{lct}((1 - (K_X + \Delta))_{\mathbb{R}}, X, \Delta) > \alpha.$$

\therefore X is α -lc (由下而上, α -factorization 定理)
 $\varepsilon' > 0$ s.t. $L \geq 0 \ncong -(K_X + \Delta)$

$$S := \varepsilon' - \text{lct}(L; X, \Delta) (\leq \text{lct}(L; X, \Delta))$$

EJS S a lower bd of $\text{triv. in } X$.

即 $S < 1 - \varepsilon'$ 为可能的.

$T: \varepsilon'$ -lc place of $(X, -\Delta + S L)$

T by discrepancy $= 1 - \varepsilon' \underset{\leq 1}{\sim} 1$
 $\text{且 } T \neq X$
 T by extraction $\Rightarrow \Delta_T \neq \Delta$.

$\phi: T \rightarrow X$ 为 T by extraction, $\text{id}_{X \setminus T}$

$$\phi^*(K_X + \Delta) = K_T + \Delta_T \subset \Delta_T, L_T \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\#L = \#L_T = \text{lct}(-(K_T + \Delta_T + S L_T)) \underset{\mathbb{R}}{\sim} \#(\phi^*(K_X + \Delta_X + S L)) = 1 - \varepsilon$$

$$\text{且 } \Delta_T \leq 1 - \varepsilon \text{ 且 } \mu_T(\Delta_T + S L_T) = 1 - \varepsilon'$$

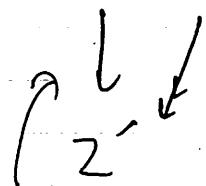
$$\therefore \mu_T(S L_T) \geq \varepsilon - \varepsilon' \Rightarrow \mu_T(1 - \varepsilon - S L_T) \geq \frac{1 - \varepsilon}{S}(\varepsilon - \varepsilon')$$

即 $\mu_T(1 - S L_T) \geq \varepsilon - \varepsilon'$ 为 upper bd of $\mu_T(\Delta_T + S L_T)$ (Prop 2.17, RLT 例)

$\mathbb{C} = \mathbb{C}'$ $T_{\mathbb{C}}$; Fano type $T_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{Fano}}$

(-T) - MMP $\mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}'$, \mathbb{C} . $-T$ is p.e. in $T_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{Fano}}$.

$T \dashrightarrow T' \xrightarrow{T_{\mathbb{C}}}$; T' is Q-loc. & lc.



(-T) - MFS

$$L_{T'} := \Phi_* L_T \text{ over } \mathbb{C}'$$

$$\mu_{T'}((1-s)L_{T'}) < \text{bld } \sum \bar{\pi}_i T_i^{1-s+i}$$

$\dim Z' = 0$ or 2 Prop 3.11 (c). $(-K_{T'}) \sim \Delta_{T'} + ((1-s)L_{T'})$

$\dim Z' > 0$ or 2

$F \in T' \rightarrow Z'$ a gen fiber & m

$$-K_F : \text{ord } \gamma = R : \text{e-loc. } -K_R \sim \Delta_F + ((1-s)L_F)$$

$$\mu_T((1-s)L_{T'}) = \mu_{T'}((1-s)L_F) + \text{bld } \sum_{T'_i \subset T_F \text{ sing point}} T'_i$$

Thm Ad-1 \Rightarrow (c). D

More Thm Ad-1 \in Thm BAB1+ + Thm CPd-2d-1

Step 7 完