Lie Group and Representation Theory Seminar

Date: April 13 (Tue), 2004, 15:00–16:00 Place: RIMS 402 Speaker: Adam Koranyi (CUNY, USA) Title: LIOUVILLE-TYPE THEOREMS IN PARABOLIC GEOMETRY.

Abstract:

G = O(n+1,1) acts on the *n*-sphere by conformal transformations. In 1850 Liouville proved that, for n at least 3, any smooth conformal map of an open subset of the sphere onto another one is the restriction of an element of G. In greater generality, let G be a simple real Lie group and P = MAN a parabolic subgroup (In the case of the *n*-sphere, M = O(n), $A = R, N = R^n$). Then the action of G on G/P is "multicontact" in the sense that it preserves a natural filtering of the tangent bundle induced by the root structure (in the sphere-case the filtering is trivial). It is also "conformal" in the sense that, in addition, the differential of the action at any point belongs to MA. In many cases (e.g. whenever P is nonmaximal) the analogue of Liouville's theorem holds for multicontact maps. In almost all cases it holds for "conformal" maps. A number of related results are known, most notably those proved by K. Yamaguchi, but the notion of multicontactness seems to be new. A very simple proof, not using connections or classification, will be given for the case of non-maximal P. This is joint work with M. Cowling, F. De Mari and H. M. Reimann.